

Military and Other Specifically Identified Equipment- Approval and Reporting

709.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the approval, acquisition, and reporting requirements of military and other specifically identified equipment defined under Government Code § 7070; Government Code § 7071; Government Code § 7072

709.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include (Government Code § 7070):

The following definitions shall apply to this policy.

"City" means the City of West Sacramento.

"City Council" means the City Council of the City of West Sacramento, which is the Governing Body of the City, including the Police Department.

"Exigent Circumstances" means a law enforcement agency's good faith belief that an emergency involving the danger of, or imminent threat of death or serious physical injury to any person is occurring, has occurred, or is about to occur.

"Governing Body" means the elected body that oversees a law enforcement agency.

"Law Enforcement Agency" means any of the following:

1. A police department, including the police department of a transit agency, school district, or any campus of the University of California, the California State University, or California Community Colleges.
2. A sheriff's department.
3. A district attorney's office.
4. A county probation department.

"Military Equipment" means the following:

1. Unmanned, remotely piloted, powered aerial or ground vehicles.
2. Mine-resistant ambush-protected (MRAP) vehicles or armored personnel carriers. However, police versions of standard consumer vehicles are specifically excluded from this subdivision.
3. High mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles (HMMWV), commonly referred to as Humvees, two and one-half-ton trucks, five-ton trucks, or wheeled vehicles that have a breaching or entry apparatus attached. However, unarmored all-terrain vehicles (ATVs) and motorized dirt bikes are specifically excluded from this subdivision.
4. Tracked armored vehicles that provide ballistic protection to their occupants and utilize a tracked system instead of wheels for forward motion.

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5. Command and control vehicles that are either built or modified to facilitate the operational control and direction of public safety units.
6. Weaponized aircraft, vessels, or vehicles of any kind.
7. Battering rams, slugs, and breaching apparatuses that are explosive in nature. However, items designed to remove a lock, such as bolt cutters, or a handheld ram designed to be operated by one person, are specifically excluded from this subdivision.
8. Firearms of .50 caliber or greater. However, standard issue shotguns are specifically excluded from this subdivision.
9. Specialized firearms and ammunition of .50 caliber or greater. However, standard issue shotgun ammunition is specifically excluded from this subdivision.
10. Specialized firearms and ammunition of less than .50 caliber, including assault weapons as defined in Sections 30510 and 30515 of the Penal Code, with the exception of standard issue service weapons and ammunition of less than .50 caliber that are issued to officers, agents, or employees of a law enforcement agency or a state agency.
11. Any firearm or firearm accessory that is designed to launch explosive projectiles.
12. "Flashbang" grenades and explosive breaching tools, "tear gas," and "pepper balls," excluding standard, service-issued handheld pepper spray.
13. Taser Shockwave, microwave weapons, water cannons, and the Long Range Acoustic Device (LRAD).
14. The following projectile launch platforms and their associated munitions: 40mm projectile launchers, "bean bag," rubber bullet, and specialty impact munition (SIM) weapons.
15. Any other equipment as determined by the City Council to require additional oversight.
16. Notwithstanding the above, "military equipment" shall not include general equipment not designated as prohibited or controlled by the federal Defense Logistics Agency.

"Military Equipment Use Policy" means this policy, a publicly released, written document governing the use of military equipment by a law enforcement agency or a state agency that addresses, at a minimum, all of the following:

1. A description of each type of military equipment, the quantity sought, its capabilities, expected lifespan, and product descriptions from the manufacturer of the military equipment.
2. The purposes and authorized uses for which the law enforcement agency or the state agency proposes to use each type of military equipment.
3. The fiscal impact of each type of military equipment, including the initial costs of obtaining the equipment and estimated annual costs of maintaining the equipment.
4. The legal and procedural rules that govern each authorized use.
5. The training, including any course required by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, that must be completed before any officer, agent, or employee

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of the law enforcement agency or the state agency is allowed to use each specific type of military equipment to ensure the full protection of the public's welfare, safety, civil rights, and civil liberties and full adherence to the military equipment use policy.

6. The mechanisms to ensure compliance with the military equipment use policy, including which independent persons or entities have oversight authority, and, if applicable, what legally enforceable sanctions are put in place for violations of the policy.
7. For a law enforcement agency, the procedures by which members of the public may register complaints or concerns or submit questions about the use of each specific type of military equipment, and how the law enforcement agency will ensure that each complaint, concern, or question receives a response in a timely manner.

"Police Chief" means the Chief of Police to the City of West Sacramento Police Department.

"Police Department" and "Department" mean the City of West Sacramento Police Department, which is the Law Enforcement Agency to the City.

"State agency" means the law enforcement division of every state office, officer, department, division, bureau, board, and commission or other state body or agency, except those agencies provided for in Article IV (except Section 20 thereof) or Article VI of the California Constitution.

"Type" means each item that shares the same manufacturer model number.

709.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the West Sacramento Police Department that members of this department comply with the provisions of Government Code § 7071 with respect to military and other specifically identified equipment.

709.3 POLICY

It is the policy of the West Sacramento Police Department that members of the Department comply with the provisions of Government Code § 7071 with respect to Military Equipment, as well as other specifically identified equipment.

709.4 MILITARY EQUIPMENT COORDINATOR

The Chief of Police shall designate a Military Equipment Coordinator. The Military Equipment Coordinator's responsibilities shall include, but are not limited to

- (a) Identifying Military Equipment that requires City Council approval for use, acquisition, collaboration, or seeking of funding.
- (b) Conducting an inventory of all Military Equipment at least annually.
- (c) Collaborating with any agency that may use military equipment within the City (Government Code § 7071).

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- (d) Preparing for, scheduling, and coordinating the annual community engagement meeting to include:
 - 1. Preparing the annual military equipment report for submission to the Police Chief and ensuring that the report is made available on the Department's website (Government Code § 7072).
 - 2. Preparing for public questions regarding the funding, acquisition, and use of equipment.
 - 3. Publicizing the details of the meeting.

709.5 IDENTIFIED MILITARY EQUIPMENT INVENTORY

All Military Equipment kept and maintained by the Department shall be inventoried in a way that addresses each of the following requirements:

- (a) The manufacturer's description of the equipment.
- (b) The capabilities of the equipment.
- (c) The purposes and authorized uses for which the Department proposes to use the equipment.
- (d) The expected lifespan of the equipment.
- (e) The fiscal impact of the equipment, both initially and for on-going maintenance.
- (f) The quantity of the equipment, whether maintained or sought.

An inventory of the Department's qualifying Military Equipment, titled "Military Equipment List," is attached to this policy as **EXHIBIT A** and incorporated herein by reference.

See attachment: [Military Equipment List.pdf](#)

709.6 CITY COUNCIL APPROVAL

The Police Chief shall obtain City Council approval by way of an ordinance adopting the Military Equipment Policy. As part of the approval process, the Police Chief shall ensure the proposed Policy is submitted to the City Council and is available on the Department's website at least 30 days prior to any public hearing concerning the Military Equipment at issue (Government Code § 7071). The Policy must be approved by the City Council prior to engaging in any of the following (Government Code § 7071):

- (a) Requesting military equipment made available pursuant to 10 USC § 2576a.
- (b) Seeking funds for military equipment, including but not limited to applying for a grant, soliciting or accepting private, local, state, or federal funds, in-kind donations, or other donations or transfers.
- (c) Acquiring military equipment either permanently or temporarily, including by borrowing or leasing.

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- (d) Collaborating with another law enforcement agency in the deployment or other use of military equipment within Davis.
- (e) Using any new or existing military equipment for a purpose, in a manner, or by a person not previously approved by the City Council.
- (f) Soliciting or responding to a proposal for, or entering into an agreement with, any other person or entity to seek funds for, apply to receive, acquire, use, or collaborate in the use of military equipment.
- (g) Acquiring military equipment through any means not provided above.

709.7 AGENCY COLLABORATION

Use of Military Equipment by any member of the West Sacramento Police Department shall be in accordance with this Policy. Use of Military Equipment by members of any Law Enforcement Agency, or other agency, providing mutual aid to the City shall be in accordance with the respective agency's adopted Military Equipment Use Policy, as well as other policies adopted by any party or parties regarding mutual aid.

The West Sacramento Police Department participates with the Yolo County Regional SWAT Team and works closely with local, county, state, and federal public safety partners.

709.8 COMPLIANCE

Military Equipment shall only be used by a Department member after applicable training, including any course required by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, has been completed, unless Exigent Circumstances arise.

Reporting, investigation, and any disciplinary action including termination, if merited, of alleged violations of this Policy shall be handled through the Department's standard disciplinary procedures.

The City Council and Department recognize that critical incidents are unpredictable and can be very dynamic in nature. A variety of military equipment options can greatly assist Incident Commanders, Officers, and specific units in bringing those incidents to a swift resolution in a safe manner. The use of military equipment is restricted for use only in certain instances and in some cases only by certain units/teams. While this procedure is wide-ranging, it is not all-inclusive. There may be instances wherein Exigent Circumstances demand the need for Incident Commanders to authorize military equipment to be used in a manner not outlined within this policy. In scrutinizing those particular instances, the judgment of the Incident Commander influenced by the totality of the circumstances, public safety, officer safety, civil rights, and information available at the time will be used.

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It is incumbent upon Incident Commanders, Supervisors, individual Officers, and specific units/teams to recognize the particular circumstances wherein military equipment should be employed to enhance the safety of the public and officers, and to bring a critical incident to a safe resolution.

Department members are bound to adhere to Department Policy, in addition to State and local laws and ordinances when employing the use of Military Equipment at any time.

Any member of the public can register a question or concern regarding military use equipment by contacting the Police Department. A response to the question or concern shall be completed by the Department in a timely manner.

709.9 ANNUAL REPORT

Upon approval of the Policy, the Chief of Police, or his or her authorized designee, shall submit a military equipment report to the City Council within one year, and annually thereafter for as long as the Military Equipment is available for use (Government Code § 7072).

The Chief of Police, or his or her the authorized designee, shall make each annual military equipment report publicly available on the Department website for as long as the Military Equipment is available for use in the City. The report shall include all information required by Government Code § 7072 for the preceding calendar year for each type of Military Equipment in the Department inventory.

709.10 SUPPLY LEVELS

The City Council expressly permits the Police Department to maintain the stock of approved Military Equipment in this Policy, as may be updated from time to time, including acquiring or replacing reasonable amounts of ammunition, parts, and replacements. The Chief of Police is expressly authorized to make purchases in accordance with this permission. The Chief of Police, or his or her designee, shall report to the City Council all purchases subject to this Policy of these purchases at least every six months.

Attachments

Military Equipment List.pdf

EXHIBIT A

West Sacramento Police Department Military Equipment List

MILITARY USE EQUIPMENT: UAS TEAM- issued/assigned to specifically trained department personnel who are members of the department UAS Team.

1. Unmanned Aircraft System (UAS): An unmanned aircraft along with the associated equipment necessary to control it remotely.

(a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost of current UAS:

- i. DJI MAVIC MINI 2, cost: \$500 each, quantity: 11. Miniature UAS that weighs approximately 249 grams and is able to record video and audio with approximately 30 minutes of flight time.
- ii. DJI PHANTOM 4 PRO RTK, cost: \$1200 each, quantity: 1. UAS with a single-color camera, weighs approx. 7.5 pounds and has video recording capabilities, approx. 30 minutes of flight time.
- iii. DJI MAVIC ENTERPRISE ADVANCED, cost: \$6,500 each, quantity: 4. UAS that has a color and infrared camera as well as audible speaker and light. Capable of video recording and weighs 899 grams, approx. 30 minutes of flight time.
- iv. DJI M300 with HT20, cost: \$25,000 each, quantity: 1. UAS that has 45 minutes of flight time, in all weather, has an IR camera, zoom camera, speaker, light. Has video recording capabilities.
- v. DJI MAVIC ENTERPRISE ZOOM , cost: \$2,200, quantity: 1. UAS that weighs approx. 1.5 pounds, 25 min flight time and a single-color camera with recording capabilities.

(b) Purpose: To be deployed when its view would assist officers or incident commanders with the following situations, which include but are not limited to:

- i. Explosive ordnance disposal (EOD)/ Bomb Squad missions
- ii. Post-incident crime scene and traffic collision investigation preservation and documentation
- iii. Response to hazardous materials incidents
- iv. Search and Rescue (SAR) missions as defined in California Government Code Section 26614
- v. Public safety and life preservation missions to include barricaded suspects, hostage situations, active shooters, apprehension of armed and dangerous and/or violent fleeing suspects, and high-risk search warrants
- vi. Disaster response and recovery to include natural or human caused disasters including a full overview of a disaster area for post incident analysis and documentation
- vii. Training missions as authorized by the Training Certificate of Authorization
- viii. In response to specific requests from local, state or federal fire authorities for fire response and prevention
- ix. Special Events which require the protection of the public and or dignitaries.

- x. When there is probable cause to believe that (1) the sUAS will record images of a place, thing, condition, or event; and (2) that those images would be relevant in proving that a certain felony had occurred or is occurring, or that a particular person committed or is committing a certain felony and use of the sUAS does not infringe upon the reasonable expectation of privacy
 - xi. Pursuant to a search warrant
 - xii. The assessment of public health and environmental related issues in public areas which due to their geographical location, pose an operational or safety challenge to assess.
- (c) Authorized Use: Only assigned operators who have completed the required training shall be permitted to operate any UAS during approved missions.
 - (d) Expected Life Span: All UAS equipment, 3-5 years.
 - (e) Fiscal Impact: Annual maintenance and battery replacement cost is approximately \$6,000.
 - (f) Training: All Department UAS operators are licensed by the Federal Aviation Administration for UAS operation. In addition, each operator must attend a 40-hour department training and ongoing monthly training.
 - (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: Use is established under FAA Regulation 14 CFR Part 107, and the City of Sacramento UAS policy 473. It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize UAS only for official law enforcement purposes, and in a manner that respects the privacy of our community, pursuant to State and Federal law.

2. Robots: A remotely-controlled unmanned machine that operates on the ground, which is utilized to enhance the safety of the community and officers. The robots owned and operated by the WSPD are equipment which are maintained and operated by members of the Yolo County Bomb Squad. The WSPD is a member agency of the Yolo County Bomb Squad through and established mutual aid agreement with other Yolo County law enforcement agencies.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost
 - i. REMOTEC ANDROS F6-A, cost: \$250,000 each, quantity: 1. The Remotec ANDROS F6A is a heavy-duty robot. Its stair climbing ability, an arm capable of lifting 65lbs. The F6A also offers multiple communications options, a chassis and manipulator that allow for accessories and tool combinations, and quick-release pneumatic wheels for rapid width reduction.
 - ii. REMOTEC ANDROS HD-2, cost: \$250,000 each, quantity: 1. The Remotec ANDROS HD-2 is a medium-duty robot. Its stair climbing ability, an arm capable of lifting 145 lbs. The HD-2 also offers multiple communications options, a chassis and manipulator that allow for accessories and tool combinations. The Remotec ANDROS HD-2 is tracked over wheels for rugged operation.
- (b) Purpose: To be used to remotely gain visual/audio data, deliver CNT phone, open doors, disrupt packages, and clear buildings.
- (c) Authorized Use: Only assigned operators who have completed the required training shall be permitted to operate the robots identified at sections 2(a)(i) through (ii). Use is established by the Bomb Squad Commander and or Incident Commander.
- (d) Expected Life Span: All robots, 8-10 years.

- (e) Fiscal Impact: Annual maintenance and battery replacement cost is approximately \$5,000.
- (f) Training: All robot operators must complete training through the Yolo County Bomb Squad in the operation of the specific robot platform in which the operator will be operate.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize a robot only for official law enforcement purposes, and in a manner that respects the privacy of our community, pursuant to State and Federal law.

3. Breaching Tools: Tools that are used to conduct an explosive breach.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost
 - i. DETONATING CORD, cost: \$1 per foot, quantity: 1000 feet. The detonating cord is a thin, flexible plastic tube usually filled with pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN, pentrite). With the PETN exploding at a rate of approximately 6400 m/s, any common length of detonation cord appears to explode instantaneously. It is a high-speed fuse which explodes, rather than burns, and is suitable for detonating high explosives.
 - ii. BLASTING CAP, cost: \$12, quantity: 60. A blasting cap is a small sensitive primary explosive device generally used to detonate a larger, more powerful and less sensitive secondary explosive such as TNT, dynamite, or plastic explosive. Blasting caps come in a variety of types, including non-electric caps, electric caps, and fuse caps.
 - iii. IDEAL PRODUCTS PRECUTION ACTUATED NON ELECTRICT (PAN) DISTRUPTOR, cost: \$3500, quantity: 4. Each of the two listed robots have two PAN barrels mounted on the robot. This tool is a 12 gauge barrel primarily used for disruption and remote opening of suspicious packages, dangerous items, explosives and improvised explosive devices. In certain circumstances, the PAN is used to safely utilize shotgun breaching rounds and water jets in order to destroy deadbolts, locks, and hinges. This weapon can also defeat windows and sliding glass doors with a blank round.
 - iv. Stryker 12 gauge Shotgun, cost: \$1900, quantity: 1. This weapon allows for breachers to safely utilize shotgun breaching rounds in order to destroy deadbolts, locks, and hinges. This weapon can also defeat windows and sliding glass doors with a blank round. This item is mounted and specifically designed to deploy door and glass breaching rounds and lethal ammunition from a robot.
 - v. CTS/ PENN ARMS, 40MM MULTI-LAUNCHER, cost: \$5200, Quantity: 1. The 40MM Multi-Launcher is a tactical 6 shot launcher. It will fire standard 40mm less lethal ammunition, up to 4.8 inches in cartridge length. It will launch a 40MM less lethal round up to 131 feet and is only authorized to be used by trained personnel. This item is mounted and specifically designed to deploy less lethal ammunition from a robot.
 - vi. REMINGTON 870 EXPRESS BREACHING SHOTGUN, cost: \$500, quantity: 2. This weapon allows for breachers to safely utilize shotgun breaching rounds in order to destroy deadbolts, locks, and hinges. The stand-off that is attached to the end of the barrel allows for positive placement of the gun into the correct position and vents gases to prevent overpressure. This weapon can also defeat windows and sliding glass doors with a blank round.
 - vii. MK Ballistics Master Key 12 gauge Ballistic Door Breaching Round, cost: \$5 per round, quantity: 50. The round is fired from a breaching shotgun and is used to destroy deadbolts, locks and hinges.
 - viii. Winchester 12 gauge Popper Blank, cost: \$1.25 per round, quantity: 50. The round is fired from a shotgun to break windows for access and entry.

- ix. Winchester 12-gauge Black Powder Blank, cost: \$2.08 per round, quantity: 50. The round is fired from a shotgun to break windows for access and entry.
- (b) Purpose: To safely gain entry into a structure.
- (c) Authorized Use: Explosive breaching may only occur after authorization by the Incident Commander or SWAT Commander in the field, and during training exercises.
- (d) Training: All Bomb Squad personnel who use explosive breaching tools shall attend a basic explosive breaching course and receive specific training on the use of squad tools for breaching.
- (e) Expected Life Span:
 - i. DETONATING CORD, until used.
 - ii. BLASTING CAP, until used.
 - iii. IDEAL PRODUCTS PRECUTION ACTUATED NON ELECTRICT (PAN) DISTRUPTOR, unlimited unless damaged.
 - iv. CTS/ PENN ARMS, 40MM MULTI-LAUNCHER, 25 years.
 - v. REMINGTON 870 EXPRESS BREACHING SHOTGUN, 25 years.
 - vi. MK Ballistics Master Key 12-gauge Ballistic Door Breaching Round, until used.
 - vii. Winchester 12-gauge Popper Blank, until used.
- (f) Fiscal Impact: Annual maintenance is approximately \$100.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: : It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize breaching tools only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law. West Sacramento Police Policy 465 identifies the procedures for shotgun and explosive breaching.

MILITARY USE EQUIPMENT: WSPD SWAT- issued/assigned to specifically trained department personnel who are members of the department Special Weapons and Tactics (SWAT) Team.

4. 40 MM Launchers and Rounds: 40MM Launchers are utilized by department personnel as a less lethal tool to launch impact munitions.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost each:
 - i. DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY, 40MM EXACT IMPACT, #6325, cost: \$28.65, quantity: 24. A less lethal 40MM lightweight plastic and crushable foam projectile fired from a single or multi-round purpose-built 40mm grenade launcher with a rifled barrel at 295 FPS. The 30-gram crushable foam projectile delivers 120 ft/lbs of energy upon impact. The 40mm Direct Impact marking round provides accurate and effective performance when fired from the approved distance of not less than five (5) feet and as far as 120 feet from the target.
 - ii. DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY, 40 MM FERRET OC (liquid), #1262(no longer manufactured – replacement is part# 2260), cost: \$28.90, quantity: 33. The Ferret® 40mm Round is non-burning and suitable for indoor use. Used primarily by tactical teams, it is designed to penetrate barriers, such as windows, hollow core doors, wallboard, and thin plywood. Upon impacting the barrier, the nose cone ruptures and instantaneously delivers a small chemical payload inside of a structure or vehicle.

- (b) Purpose: To limit the escalation of conflict where employment of lethal force is prohibited or undesirable.
- (c) Authorized Use: Situations for use of the less lethal weapon systems may include, but are not limited to:
 - i. Self-destructive, dangerous and/or combative individuals.
 - ii. Riot/crowd control and civil unrest incidents.
 - iii. Circumstances where a tactical advantage can be obtained.
 - iv. Potentially vicious animals.
 - v. Training exercises or approved demonstrations.
- (d) Training: Sworn members utilizing 40MM less lethal chemical agents or impact rounds are trained in their use by POST certified less lethal and chemical agent instructors.
- (e) Lifespan:
 - i. Defense Technology #1425 - 25 years.
 - ii. DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY, 40MM EXACT IMPACT, #6325 – 5 years.
 - iii. DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY, 40 MM FERRET OC (liquid), #1260(no longer manufactured – replacement is part# 2260) – 5 years.
- (f) Fiscal Impact: Annual maintenance is approximately \$50 for each launcher.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: Use is established under Policy Section 307. It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize the 40mm only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law, including those regarding the use of force.

5. Noise Flash Distraction Devices: A distraction device is ideal for distracting dangerous suspects during assaults, hostage rescue, room entry or other high-risk arrest situations.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost
 - i. COMBINED TACTICAL SYSTEMS MODEL 7290M DISTRACTION DEVICE, cost: \$45, quantity: 15. A non-bursting, non-fragmenting multi-bang device that produces a loud bang with an intense bright light. Ideal for distracting dangerous suspects during assaults, hostage rescue, room entry or other high-risk arrest situations.
- (b) Purpose: Noise/flash distraction devices (NFDD) are less lethal weapons used to facilitate an effective resolution to assaultive or high-risk situations where disorienting or moving an individual or group of people, to effect an arrest or clear an area, is desired.
- (c) Authorized Use: Noise Flash Diversionary Devices shall only be used:
 - i. By officers who have been trained in their proper use.
 - ii. In hostage and barricaded subject situations.
 - iii. In high-risk warrant (search/arrest) services where there may be extreme hazards to officers.
 - iv. During other high-risk situations where their use would enhance officer safety.
 - v. During training exercises.
- (d) Lifespan: Until used.

- (e) Fiscal Impact: No annual maintenance.
- (f) Training: Prior to use, officers must attend divisionary device training that is conducted by Post certified instructors.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize diversion devices only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law regarding the use of force.

6. Chemical Agent and Smoke Canisters: Canisters that contain chemical agents that are released when deployed.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost
 - i. DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY, FLAMELESS TRI-CHAMBER CS GRENADE, #1032, cost: \$46.25, quantity: 1. The design of the Tri-Chamber Flameless CS Grenade allows the contents to burn within an internal can and disperse the agent safely with reduced risk of fire. The grenade is designed primarily for indoor tactical situations to detect and/or dislodge a barricaded subject. This grenade will deliver approximately .70 oz. of agent during its 20-25 seconds burn time. The Tri-Chamber Flameless Grenade can be used in crowd control as well as tactical deployment situations by Law Enforcement and Corrections but was designed with the barricade situation in mind. Its applications in tactical situations are primarily to detect and/or dislodge barricaded subjects. The purpose of the Tri-Chamber Flameless Grenade is to minimize the risks to all parties through pain compliance, temporary discomfort, and/or incapacitation of potentially violent or dangerous subjects. The Tri-Chamber Flameless Grenade provides the option of delivering a pyrotechnic chemical device indoors, maximizing the chemicals' effectiveness via heat and vaporization, while minimizing or negating the chance of fire to the structure.
 - ii. DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY, SPEDE-HEAT CONTINUOUS DISCHARGE CHEMICAL GRENADE, CS, #1072, cost: \$33.05, quantity: 1. The Spede-Heat™ CS Grenade is a high volume, continuous burn it expels its payload in approximately 20-40 seconds. The payload is discharged through four gas ports on top of the canister, three on the side and one on the bottom. This hand held, outdoor use grenade is 6.12 in. by 2.62 in. and holds approximately 2.9 oz. of active agent.
- (b) Purpose: To limit the escalation of conflict where employment of lethal force is prohibited or undesirable. Situations for use of the less lethal weapon systems may include, but are not limited to:
 - i. Self-destructive, dangerous and/or combative individuals.
 - ii. Riot/crowd control and civil unrest incidents.
 - iii. Circumstances where a tactical advantage can be obtained.
 - iv. Potentially vicious animals.
 - v. Training exercises or approved demonstrations.
- (c) Authorized Use: Only officers who have received POST certification in the use chemical agents are authorized to use chemical agents.
- (d) Training: Sworn members utilizing chemical agent canisters are certified by POST less lethal and chemical agent instructors.
- (e) Lifespan: 5 years from manufacturing date.
- (f) Fiscal Impact: No annual maintenance.

- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize chemical agents only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law, including those regarding the use of force.

7. Rifles: Guns that are fired from shoulder level, having a long spirally grooved barrel intended to make bullets spin and thereby have greater accuracy over a long distance.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost
- i. COLT LAW ENFORCEMENT 5.56 mm RIFLE, MODEL CARBINE, Cost: \$2000, quantity: 9. It is a short-barreled rifle, equipped with a red dot sight, light and sling which allows a trained officer better control with greater accuracy than a pistol. It is used in instances to engage a suspect at greater distances than the capability a pistol. The rifle is capable of firing both 5.56 mm and .223 caliber ammunition.
 - ii. COLT 7.62 mm RIFLE, MODULAR CARBINE, Cost: \$1500, quantity: 1. The Colt 7.62 mm rifle and its variants, is a semi-automatic shoulder fired, gas operated weapon. It has a collapsible stock and removable magazine, caliber in 7.62mm and .308c caliber.
 - iii. GA PRECISION GAP 10 RIFLE, .308 caliber SNIPER RIFLE, Cost: \$3724, quantity: 2. The GAP 10 rifle is a semi-automatic shoulder fired, gas operated weapon. It has a collapsible stock and removable magazine, caliber is .308.
 - iv. HECKLER AND KOCH MP5, 9mm, SUB MACHINE GUN, Cost: \$100, quantity: 1. The H&K MP5 is a lightweight air-cooled, selective fire, delayed blowback operated, shoulder fired weapon. It has a collapsible stock and removable magazine and is chambered in 9mm.
 - v. HORNADY TAP - .308 CALIBER, 165 GRAIN RIFLE ROUND, cost: \$400 per case of 200, quantity: 33 cases. Hornady is reloadable, features match grade brass composite casing. It is polymer tipped, fragmenting with cannelure bullet. It is the optimum round for entry use to mitigate over penetration.
 - vi. WINCHESTER TRAINING .223 CALIBER, 55 GRAIN RIFLE ROUND, cost: \$314.20 per case of 1000, quantity: 18,300 rounds
 - vii. FEDERAL .223 CALIBER AMERICAN EAGLE 62 GRAIN RIFLE ROUND, cost: \$350 per case of 500, quantity: 2 cases.
 - viii. FEDERAL .223 CALIBER HI SHOK TACTICAL TRU 55 GRAIN RIFLE ROUND, cost: \$450 per case of 500, quantity: 16 cases.
- (b) Purpose: To be used as precision weapons to address a threat with more precision and/or greater distances than a handgun, if present and feasible.
- (c) Authorized Use: Only members that are POST certified are authorized to use a rifle.
- (d) Lifespan:
- i. Colt Law Enforcement 5.56 carbine rifle - 20 years.
 - ii. Colt 7.62 mm Rifle, Modular Carbine – 20 years
 - iii. GA Precision GAP 10, .308 Rifle -20 years.
 - iv. H&K MP5 Sub Machine Gun, 9mm – 20 years
 - v. Hornady .308 ammunition - no expiration.
 - vi. Winchester and Federal .223 ammunition - no expiration.
- (e) Fiscal Impact: Annual maintenance is approximately \$50 for each rifle.

- (f) Training: Prior to using a rifle, officers must be certified by POST instructors in the operation of the rifle. Additionally, all members that operate any rifle are required to pass a range qualification two times a year.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: Use is established under Policy Section 311. It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize rifles only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law regarding the use of force.

8. Explosive Breaching Tools: Tools that are used to conduct an explosive breach.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost.
 - i. REMINGTON 870 MAGNUM BREACHING SHOTGUN, cost: \$500, quantity: 2. This weapon allows for breachers to safely utilize shotgun breaching rounds in order to destroy deadbolts, locks, and hinges. The stand-off that is attached to the end of the barrel allows for positive placement of the gun into the correct position and vents gases to prevent overpressure. This weapon can also defeat windows and sliding glass doors with a flash bang round. A less lethal 2.4- inch 12-gauge shotgun round firing a ballistic fiber bag filled with 40 grams of lead shot at a velocity of 270-290 feet per second (FPS).
 - ii. BERETTA MODEL 1301 TACTICAL BREACHING SHOTGUN, cost: \$1000, quantity: 2. This weapon allows for breachers to safely utilize shotgun breaching rounds in order to destroy deadbolts, locks, and hinges. The stand-off that is attached to the end of the barrel allows for positive placement of the gun into the correct position and vents gases to prevent overpressure. This weapon can also defeat windows and sliding glass doors with a flash bang round. A less lethal 2.4- inch 12-gauge shotgun round firing a ballistic fiber bag filled with 40 grams of lead shot at a velocity of 270-290 feet per second (FPS).
 - iii. MOSSBERG 590 TACTICAL BREACHING SHOTGUN, cost: \$375, quantity: 2. This weapon allows for breachers to safely utilize shotgun breaching rounds in order to destroy deadbolts, locks, and hinges. The stand-off that is attached to the end of the barrel allows for positive placement of the gun into the correct position and vents gases to prevent overpressure. This weapon can also defeat windows and sliding glass doors with a flash bang round. A less lethal 2.4- inch 12-gauge shotgun round firing a ballistic fiber bag filled with 40 grams of lead shot at a velocity of 270-290 feet per second (FPS).
 - iv. WINCHESTER 1300 DEFENDER BREACHING SHOTGUN, cost: \$500, quantity: 1. This weapon allows for breachers to safely utilize shotgun breaching rounds in order to destroy deadbolts, locks, and hinges. The stand-off that is attached to the end of the barrel allows for positive placement of the gun into the correct position and vents gases to prevent overpressure. This weapon can also defeat windows and sliding glass doors with a flash bang round. A less lethal 2.4- inch 12-gauge shotgun round firing a ballistic fiber bag filled with 40 grams of lead shot at a velocity of 270-290 feet per second (FPS).
 - v. ROYAL ARMS TESAR-2 BACK CAP 425 GRAIN COPPER FRANGILBE BREACHING ROUND, cost: \$5 per round, quantity: 45. The round is fired from a breaching shotgun and is used to destroy deadbolts, locks and hinges.
 - vi. ROYAL ARMS FLASHBANG FB 82 12 GAUGE MUZZLE BLAST FLASH BANG SOFT BREACHING ROUND, cost: \$5 per round, quantity: 74. The round is fired from a breaching shotgun and is used as a diversionary round and can be used to break glass.
- (b) Purpose: To safely gain entry into a structure.
- (c) Authorized Use: Explosive breaching may only occur after authorization by the Incident Commander or SWAT Commander in the field, and during training exercises.

- (d) Training: All SWAT officers who use explosive breaching tools shall attend 40 hours of explosive breaching instruction and must additionally receive quarterly training for explosive operations.
- (e) Lifespan:
 - i. Breaching Shotgun- 25 years
 - ii. Royal Arms Tesar-2 black cap 425 grain copper breaching round- 5 years
 - iii. Royal Arms 12-gauge muzzle blast flash bang soft breaching round- 5 years
- (f) Fiscal impact: Annual maintenance is approximately \$50.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize breaching tools only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law.

9. Mine-Resistant Ambush-Protected (MRAP) vehicle: Commercially produced wheeled armored personnel vehicle utilized for law enforcement purposes.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost
 - i. The MRAP Maxx Pro cost: approximately \$500,000.00, but received from the military at no cost, quantity: 1. The MRAP is an armored vehicle that seats 8 personnel with open floor plan that allows for rescue of down personnel. It can stop various projectiles, which provides greater safety to citizens and officers beyond the protection level of shield and personal body armor. It was painted and outfitted with decals, lights and siren to match the departments police vehicles.
- (b) Purpose: To be used in response to critical incidents to enhance officer and community safety, improve scene containment and stabilization, and assist in resolving critical incidents.
- (c) Authorized Use: The use of armored vehicles shall only be authorized by a watch commander or SWAT commander, based on the specific circumstances of a given critical incident. Armored vehicles shall be used only by officers trained in their deployment and in a manner consistent with Department policy and training.
- (d) Lifespan: MRAP Maxx Pro, 25 years.
- (e) Fiscal Impact: Annual maintenance cost of approximately \$1000.
- (f) Training: The driver/operator shall receive training in the safe handling of the vehicle on a closed training course. Once the operator has shown competence in vehicle handling, the driver/operator will drive the vehicle throughout the city with an experienced driver. Driver/operators shall also undergo California Department of Motor Vehicles commercial vehicle testing. Drivers must obtain a Class B driver's license.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: It is the policy of the Department to utilize armored vehicles only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law.

10. S.W.A.T. Command and Storage Vehicle: A vehicle that carries S.W.A.T. Equipment and has large boards for operational planning.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost:

- i. 1976 GMC Value Van, cost: Vehicle was donated to the department (approximate current value is \$2500), quantity: 1. The vehicle can also be utilized for SWAT and other critical incidents.
- (b) Purpose: To be used based for S.W.A.T. training and other critical incidents where S.W.A.T. is needed.
- (c) Authorized Use: The vehicle used by officers who have been properly trained in the safe handling of the vehicle. The driver of the vehicle shall have a valid California driver license.
- (d) Lifespan: The vehicle has a 30-year lifespan on chassis and vehicle structure.
- (e) Fiscal Impact: Annual maintenance cost is approximately \$500
- (f) Training: The operator will drive the vehicle throughout the city with an experienced driver, until comfortable driving alone.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: It is the policy of the Department to use the vehicle only for official law enforcement purposes, and in accordance with California State law regarding the operation of motor vehicles.

MILITARY USE EQUIPMENT- Items issued and/or assigned to trained department personnel

11. 40 MM Launchers and Rounds: 40MM Launchers are utilized by department personnel as a less lethal tool to launch impact munitions.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost each:
 - i. DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY, 40MM SINGLE SHOT LAUNCHER, #1425, cost: \$1000, quantity: 32. The 40MM Single Launcher is a tactical single shot launcher that features a folding stock and an adjustable Integrated Front Grip (IFG) with light rail. It will fire standard 40mm less lethal ammunition, up to 4.8 inches in cartridge length. It will launch a 40MM less lethal round up to 131 feet and is only authorized to be used by trained personnel.
 - ii. PENN ARMS, 40MM MULTI-LAUNCHER, #L640-3, cost: \$2500, quantity: 2. The 40mm Tactical 6-Shot Launcher is low-profile and lightweight, providing multi-shot capability in an easy to carry launcher. It features expandable gun stock, and a vertically mounted front grip. It will launch a 40MM less lethal round up to 131 feet and is only authorized to be used by trained personnel.
 - iii. COMBINED TACTICAL SYSTEMS, 40MM DIRECT IMPACT SPONGE, #4557, cost: \$26, quantity: 73. A less lethal 40mm lightweight plastic and foam projectile fired from a single or multi-round purpose built 40mm grenade launcher with a rifled barrel at 260 FPS. The 40mm Exact Impact Sponge Round provides accurate and effective performance when fired from the approved distance of not less than five (5) feet and as far as 50 yards from the target.
 - iv. COMBINED TACTICAL SYSTEMS, 40MM DIRECT IMPACT OC, #4556, cost: \$33, quantity: 63. A less lethal 40MM lightweight plastic and crushable foam projectile fired from a single or multi-round purpose-built 40mm grenade launcher with a rifled barrel at 320 FPS. The 39-gram crushable foam projectile delivers impact in addition to dispersion of 5 grams of OC irritant. The 40mm Direct Impact OC Round provides accurate and effective performance when fired from the approved distance of not less than five (5) feet and as far as 50 yards from the target.

- v. COMBINED TACTICAL SYSTEMS, 40MM RUBBER-FOAM, SMOKELESS MULTI-PROJECTILE, #4551, cost: \$27, quantity: 36. This projectile delivers 3 separate, rubber baton pucks with each deployment. It can be fired from a single or multi-round purpose built 40mm grenade launcher with a rifled barrel at 350 FPS. The 40mm Rubber-Foam Projectile provides effective performance when skip fired off the ground 3-10 feet in front of the target.
 - vi. COMBINED TACTICAL SYSTEMS, 40MM ARIAL FLASHBANG PROJECTILE, #4090-50, cost: \$37, quantity: 50. This projectile is a 40MM aerial flash-bang producing an intense bright light and sound reports. Must be fired significantly above a crowd during a riot. Used to determine intent or used to hail or warn approaching individuals, vehicles, or marine vessels. Has an effective range of 50 meters, a sound output of 65-175 db and 6 million Candela light output.
- (b) Purpose: To limit the escalation of conflict where employment of lethal force is prohibited or undesirable.
- (c) Authorized Use: Situations for use of the less lethal weapon systems may include, but are not limited to:
- i. Self-destructive, dangerous and/or combative individuals.
 - ii. Riot/crowd control and civil unrest incidents.
 - iii. Circumstances where a tactical advantage can be obtained.
 - iv. Potentially vicious animals.
 - v. Training exercises or approved demonstrations.
- (d) Training: Sworn members utilizing 40MM less lethal chemical agents or impact rounds are trained in their use by POST certified less lethal and chemical agents instructors.
- (e) Lifespan
- i. Defense Technology #1425 - 25 years.
 - ii. Penn Arms Multi Launcher #L640-3 - 15 years.
 - iii. CTS #4557 Exact Impact Sponge- 5 years.
 - iv. CTS #4556 Direct Impact OC- 5 years.
 - v. CTS #4551 Rubber Foam, Multi Projectile - 5 years.
 - vi. CTS #4090-50 Aerial Flashbang – 5 years.
- (f) Fiscal Impact: Annual maintenance is approximately \$50 for each launcher.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: Use is established under Policy Section 307. It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize the 40mm only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law, including those regarding the use of force.

12. Less Lethal Shotgun: Less Lethal Shotgun is used to deploy the less lethal 12-gauge Super-Sock Beanbag Round.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost
- i. MOSSBERG 590A1 LESS LETHAL SHOTGUN, cost: \$500, quantity: 6. The Less Lethal Shotgun is used to deploy the less lethal 12-gauge Super-Sock Beanbag Round up to a distance of 75 feet. The range of the weapon system helps to maintain space between officers and a suspect reducing the immediacy of the threat which is a principle of De-escalation.

- ii. 12-GAUGE SUPER-SOCK BEANBAG ROUND, cost: \$5, quantity: 200. A less lethal 2.4-inch 12-gauge shotgun round firing a ballistic fiber bag filled with 40 grams of lead shot at a velocity of 270-290 feet per second (FPS). CTS Super-Sock rounds are discharged from a dedicated 12-gauge shotgun that is distinguishable by an orange butt stock and fore grip. This round provides accurate and effective performance when fired from the approved distance of not fewer than five (5) feet. The maximum effective range of this munition is up to 75 feet from the target. The Model 2581 Super-Sock is in its deployed state immediately upon exiting the barrel. It does not require a minimum range to “unfold” or “stabilize.” The Super-Sock is an aerodynamic projectile. However, accuracy is relative to the shotgun, barrel length, environmental conditions, and the operator. The Super-Sock is very accurate. However, effectiveness depends on many variables, such as distance, clothing, stature, and the point where the projectile impacts.
 - iii. CTS 12 GAUGE OC POWDER ROUND, cost: \$8, quantity: 200. OC Liquid filled, non-burning, fin-stabilized rounds designed to penetrate light to intermediate barriers such as windows and hollow core doors. The projectiles break upon impact and deliver agent payloads of OC powder throughout the adjacent target area. This round provides accurate and effective performance when fired from the approved distance of not fewer than five (5) feet. The maximum effective range of this munition is up to 50 yards from the target and has a velocity of 650-750 FPS.
- (b) Purpose: To limit the escalation of conflict where employment of lethal force is prohibited or undesirable.
- (c) Authorized Use: Situations for use of the less lethal weapon systems may include, but are not limited to:
- i. Self-destructive, dangerous and/or combative individuals.
 - ii. Riot/crowd control and civil unrest incidents.
 - iii. Circumstances where a tactical advantage can be obtained.
 - iv. Potentially vicious animals.
 - v. Training exercises or approved demonstrations.
- (d) Lifespan
- i. Mossberg 590A1 Less Lethal Shotgun- 25 years.
 - ii. CTS 12-Gauge Super Sock Round- No listed expiration date.
 - iii. CTS 12-gauge OC Powder round, #2440 - 5 years.
- (e) Fiscal Impact: Annual maintenance is approximately \$50 for each shotgun.
- (f) Training: All officers are trained in the 12 gauge less lethal shotgun as a less lethal option by in-service training. SWAT personnel receive additional training internally when they transfer to the unit. SWAT operators who utilize these munitions have been through and successfully completed a POST approved gas school and/or trained in house by POST certified chemical agent instructors for muzzle blast training.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: Use is established under Policy Section 307. It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize the less lethal shotgun only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law, including those regarding the use of force.

13. Chemical Agent and Smoke Canisters: Canisters that contain chemical agents that are released when deployed.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost

- i. COMBINED TACTICAL SYSTEMS, #5230 - CS CANISTER GRENADE, Cost: \$28, Quantity: 41. Large diameter burning grenade that discharges a high volume of smoke and chemical agent through multiple emission ports. Specifically for outdoor use and should not be deployed on rooftops, in crawl spaces or indoors due to potential fire hazard. Can be hand thrown or launched. The canister is 6.2 in. by 2.6 in. and has a discharge duration of up to 40 seconds.
 - ii. COMBINED TACTICAL SYSTEMS, #5210 - WHITE SMOKE CANISTER GRENADE, Cost: \$ 26, Quantity: 20. A large diameter pyrotechnic smoke grenade used for concealment or as a signaling device. The canister is 6.2 in. by 2.6 in. and has a discharge duration of up to 40 seconds.
- (b) Purpose: To limit the escalation of conflict where employment of lethal force is prohibited or undesirable. Situations for use of the less lethal weapon systems may include, but are not limited to:
- i. Self-destructive, dangerous and/or combative individuals.
 - ii. Riot/crowd control and civil unrest incidents.
 - iii. Circumstances where a tactical advantage can be obtained.
 - iv. Potentially vicious animals.
 - v. Training exercises or approved demonstrations.
- (c) Authorized Use: Only officers who have received POST certification in the use chemical agents are authorized to use chemical agents.
- (d) Training: Sworn members utilizing chemical agent canisters are certified by POST less lethal and chemical agents instructors.
- (e) Lifespan: 5 years from manufacturing date.
- (f) Fiscal Impact: No annual maintenance.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: Use is established under Policy Section XXX. It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize chemical agents only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law, including those regarding the use of force.

14. Rifles: Guns that are fired from shoulder level, having a long spirally grooved barrel intended to make bullets spin and thereby have greater accuracy over a long distance.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost
- i. COLT AR-15, M4, ENHANCED PATROL RIFLE, Semi-Automatic, Cost: \$1300, Quantity: 56. The AR-15 rifle and its variants, is a semi-automatic shoulder fired, gas operated weapon. It has a collapsible stock and removable magazine, caliber in .556MM or .223MM.
 - ii. SMITH & WESSON M&P-15, Semi-Automatic, Cost: \$1300, Quantity: 8. The M&P-15 rifle, is a semi-automatic shoulder fired, gas operated weapon. It has a collapsible stock and removable magazine, caliber: .556MM.
 - iii. HORNADY TAP URBAN - .223 CALIBER, 55 GRAIN RIFLE ROUND, cost: \$155 per case of 200, quantity: 50 cases. Hornady is reloadable, features match grade brass composite casing. It is polymer tipped, fragmenting with cannelure bullet. It is the optimum round for entry use to mitigate over penetration.
 - iv. HORNADY CRITICAL DUTY - 9MM LUGER, 135 GRAIN HANDGUN ROUND, cost: \$265 per case, quantity: 7000 rounds. This round has a FlexLock design which is an "intelligent bullet" that reacts differently depending on the barrier it encounters, delivering

“barrier blind” performance after penetrating urban barriers such as plywood, sheet metal and even auto glass. Bright nickel-plated cases eliminate cartridge case tarnish, and the highly visible silver nickel simplifies chamber checks in reduced light.

- v. HORNADY TAP RIFLE TRAINING - .223 CALIBER, 55 GRAIN RIFLE ROUND, cost: \$200 per case of 500, quantity: 70 cases. Hornady is reloadable, training ammunition that compliments the current TAP duty rounds by delivering comparable, yet economical ammunition for law enforcement training. It delivers reliable functioning, accuracy, and point of aim / point of impact consistency when compared to comparable duty rounds.
 - vi. MIWALL 9MM LUGER AUTO 125 Grain TOTAL METAL JACKET PRACTICE AMMUNITION, cost: \$137 per case of 500, quantity: 60,000 rounds. This 9mm Luger ammunition is loaded with a 125 grain Total Metal Jacket bullet. The Total Metal Jacket bullet is for range practice and reducing fouling in the barrel. The jacket covers 100% of the lead bullet, preventing bullet expansion and barrel leading. This ammunition is reload- production, non-corrosive, ammo, featuring brass cases, boxer primed and is reloadable.
- (b) Purpose: To be used as precision weapons to address a threat with more precision and/or greater distances than a handgun, if present and feasible.
 - (c) Authorized Use: Only members that are POST certified are authorized to use a rifle.
 - (d) Lifespan:
 - i. Colt AR-15 rifle - 20 years.
 - ii. Smith & Wesson M&P15 rifle -20 years.
 - iii. Hornady and MIWALL 9MM ammunition - no expiration.
 - iv. Hornady .223 ammunition - no expiration.
 - (e) Fiscal Impact: Annual maintenance is approximately \$50 for each rifle.
 - (f) Training: Prior to using a rifle, officers must be certified by POST instructors in the operation of the rifle. Additionally, all members that operate any rifle are required to pass a range qualification two times a year.
 - (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: Use is established under Policy Section 311. It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize rifles only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law regarding the use of force.

15. Pepper Ball Launcher: A device that discharges irritant projectiles.

- (a) Description, quantity, capabilities, and purchase cost.
 - i. Pepper Ball TAC SF LAUNCHER, cost: \$1600, quantity 4. The TAC SF Launcher is a compressed-air powered launcher designed to fire non-lethal Pepper Ball projectiles. The Pepper Ball launcher features a gravity or electronic feed system for optimum versatility.
 - ii. Pepper Ball LIVE-X PROJECTILE, cost: \$290 per 90 projectiles, quantity: 540 rounds. The Live Projectile contains a concentrated amount of PAVA pepper powder. One round of LIVE-X contains the equivalent to 10 Pepper Ball rounds. Discharged from a Pepper Ball Launcher, the projectile has a velocity of 280-350 FPS. The projectile has a direct impact of 60ft and an area of saturation of 150+ft. The projectile contains 2.5% PAVA Powder.
- (b) Purpose: To limit the escalation of conflict where employment of lethal force is prohibited or undesirable. Situations for use of the less lethal weapon systems may include but, are not limited to:
 - i. Self-destructive, dangerous and/or combative individuals.

- ii. Riot/crowd control and civil unrest incidents.
 - iii. Circumstances where a tactical advantage can be obtained.
 - iv. Potentially vicious animals.
 - v. Training exercises or approved demonstrations.
- (c) Authorized Use: Only those officers who have been trained in the use of Pepper Ball launchers are authorized to use the Pepper Ball launchers.
- (d) Training: Sworn members utilizing Pepper Ball launchers and projectiles are trained in their use by POST certified less lethal and chemical agent instructors.
- (e) Lifespan:
- i. Pepper Ball TAC SF Launcher - 15 years
 - ii. Pepper Ball Live-X Projectile- 3 years
- (f) Fiscal impact: Annual maintenance is approximately \$50 for each Pepper Ball launcher.
- (g) Legal and Procedural Rules: Use is established under Policy Section 307. It is the policy of the WSPD to utilize Pepper Ball only for official law enforcement purposes, and pursuant to State and Federal law, including those regarding the use of force.